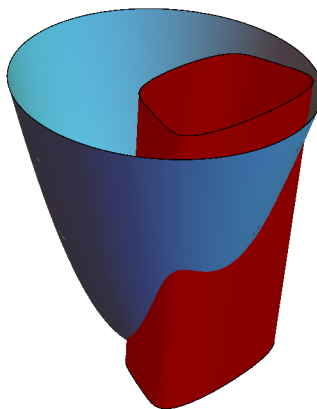
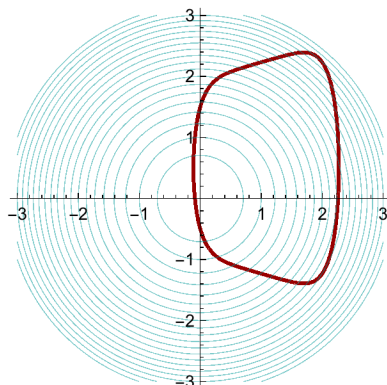


## 14.8 Constrained Extrema Using Lagrange Multipliers

Consider finding the local extrema of the function  $f(x, y) = x^2 + y^2$  with the constraint that  $x$  and  $y$  needs to satisfy the equation  $(x - 1)^6 - x + (y + 0.5)^2 = 2$ . Graphically we can see there are multiple local extrema:



We can write the constraint as the function  $g(x, y) = 0$ , and can get a better idea of how to find the extrema by looking the level curves of  $f$  and  $g$ :



💡 You can see that the *gradient* vectors of the function  $f$  and  $g$  are multiples of each other at the extrema.

Symbolically, the local extrema occur when

$$\nabla f(x, y) = \lambda \nabla g(x, y)$$

The value  $\lambda$  is called a **Lagrange Multiplier**.

### Method of Lagrange Multipliers

To find the extreme values of a function  $f(x, y)$  subject to the constraint  $g(x, y) = 0$ , find all values for  $x$ ,  $y$ , and  $\lambda$ , such that

$$\begin{aligned} \nabla f(x, y) &= \lambda \nabla g(x, y) \\ g(x, y) &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

The largest value of  $f(x, y)$  is the maximum and the smallest value of  $f(x, y)$  is the minimum.

This really amounts to solving the system of equations:

$$\begin{aligned}f_x &= \lambda g_x \\f_y &= \lambda g_y \\g(x, y) &= 0\end{aligned}$$

We can also maximize a function of three variables,  $f(x, y, z)$ , which results in a system of four equations and four unknowns:  $\nabla f(x, y, z) = \lambda \nabla g(x, y, z)$  and the constraint  $g(x, y, z) = 0$ .

**Example 1** Use Lagrange multipliers to find the extrema of  $f(x, y) = 4x + 6y$  with the constraint  $x^2 + y^2 = 13$ .

A system with two constraints,  $g$  and  $h$ , and possibly three variables, will result in the system

$$\begin{aligned}\nabla f(x, y, z) &= \lambda \nabla g(x, y, z) + \mu \nabla h(x, y, z) \\g(x, y, z) &= 0 \\h(x, y, z) &= 0\end{aligned}$$

**Example 2** Find the extrema of  $f(x, y, z) = 3x - y - 3z$  subject to the constraints  $x + y - z = 0$  and  $x^2 + 2z^2 = 1$ .

**Example 3** The sum of three numbers,  $x$ ,  $y$ , and  $z$ , is 12. Find the numbers that will maximize the product  $xy^2z^3$ .